Food Security in California

Percentage of Children Ages 0-17 Living in Food Insecure Households: 2019; Showing Counties

Definition: Estimated percentage of children ages 0-17 living in households unable to provide adequate food for all household members for the entire year due to insufficient resources (e.g., in 2019, 13.6% of California children lived in food insecure households).

Data Source: Feeding America, Map the Meal Gap (Jul. 2021).

What It Is
Kidsdata.org provides the following indicators related to food security:

- The estimated number and percentage of children ages 0-17 living in food insecure households (i.e., households unable to provide adequate food for all household members for the entire year due to insufficient resources); these data also are shown for U.S. congressional districts.

- The number of children ages 0-17 participating in CalFresh—California's implementation of the federal SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program) or Food Stamps Program—in the month of July; the number of total CalFresh participants (children and adults), and number and percentage of households participating in CalFresh, by race/ethnicity, also are available.

- The number of families redeeming Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) food vouchers for perinatal women and/or children ages 0-5 in the month of January, overall and by type of participant.

Why This Topic Is Important
In California and the U.S., around 1 in 7 children live in households without the resources for consistent, dependable access to enough food for all household members to enjoy active, healthy lives. Compared with food-secure children, children experiencing food insecurity are at higher risk for a host of health problems, including developmental, behavioral, and mental health issues, as well as acute and chronic medical conditions. Food insecurity in children also is linked to higher rates of school absenteeism and emergency department use, and lower access to health care. Among pregnant women, food insecurity is associated with negative physical and mental health outcomes, as well as pregnancy complications. Households with children (particularly young children under age 6), low-income and single-parent households, and households of color are disproportionately affected by food insecurity.

Food assistance programs, such as the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP, or CalFresh in California) and the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) provide a safety net to help ensure that low-income
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